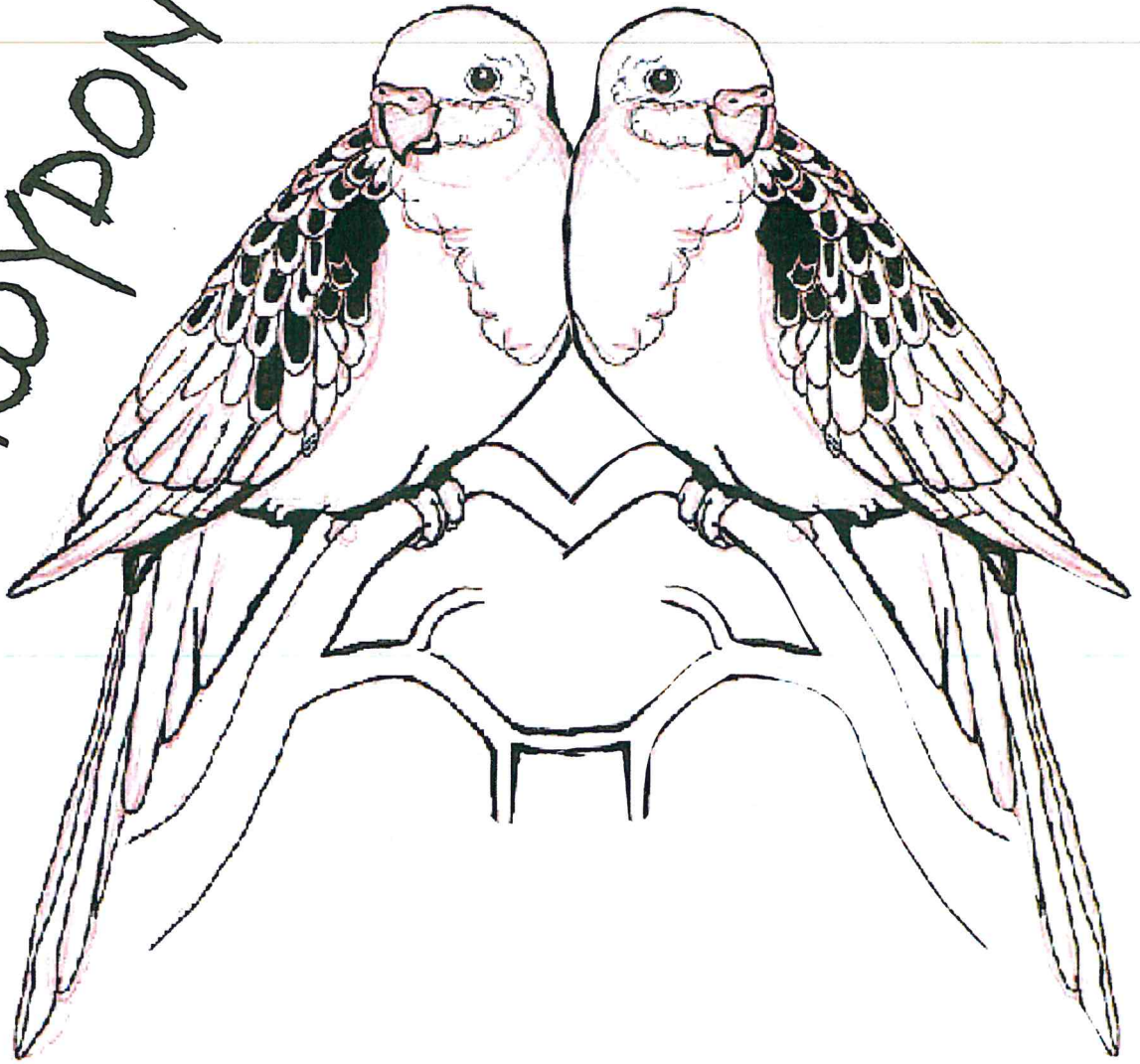


BIRDS OF CROYDON



Croydon Shire Council - True Blue Visitor Information Centre
51-59 Samwell Street - P O Box 17, Croydon Qld 4871

Phone: (07) 4748 7152 - Fax: (07) 4745 6148

Email: info@croydon.qld.gov.au

Web: www.croydon.qld.gov.au

Facebook: www.facebook.com/croydontrueblue



1) Emu



2) Australian Grebe



3) Great Crested Grebe



4) Hoary Headed Grebe



5) Little Black Cormorant



6) Great Cormorant



7) Little Pied Cormorant



8) Australian Darter



9) Australian Pelican



10) Magpie Goose



11) Plumed Whistling Duck



12) Pink Eared Duck



13) Pacific Black Duck



14) Wandering Whistle Duck



15) Australian Wood Duck



16) Burdekin Duck



17) Green Pygmy Goose



18) Grey Teal



19) Hardhead



20) White Face Heron



21) White Necked Heron



22) Intermediate Egret



23) Great Egret



24) Rufous Night Heron



25) Black Bittern



26) Glossy Ibis



27) Sacred Ibis



28) Straw Necked Ibis



29) Yellow Billed Spoonbill



30) Royal Spoonbill



31) Jabiru



32) Osprey



33) Black Shouldered Kite



34) Black Kite



35) Brahminy Kite



36) Square Tailed Kite



37) Whistling Kite



38) Black Breasted Buzzard



39) White Breasted Sea Eagle



40) Brown Goshawk



41) Grey Goshawk



42) Red Goshawk



43) Collared Sparrowhawk



44) Wedge Tailed Eagle



45) Little Eagle



46) Brown Falcon



47) Marsh Harrier



48) Spotted Harrier



49) Australian Hobby



50) Brown Quail



51) Purple Swamphen



52) Eurasian Coot



53) Sarus Crane



54) Brolga



55) Australian Bustard



56) Black Fronted Dotterel



57) Red Kneed Dotterel



58) Bush Thick Knee



59) Pied Oystercatcher



60) Black Winged Stilt



61) Red Necked Avocet



62) Australian Pratincole



63) Masked Lapwing



64) Silver Gull



65) Common Bronzewing



66) Crested Pigeon



67) Spinifex Pigeon



68) Squatter Pigeon



69) Diamond Dove



70) Peaceful Dove



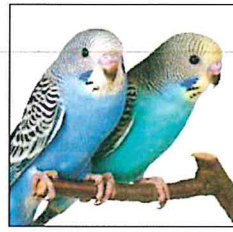
71) Bar Shouldered Dove



72) Red Winged Parrot



73) Pale Headed Rosella



74) Budgerigar



75) Red Tailed Black Cockatoo



76) Galah



77) Sulphur Crested Cockatoo



78) Little Corella



79) Cockatiel



80) Rainbow Lorikeet



81) Varied Lorikeet



82) Red Winged Parrot



83) Channel Billed Cuckoo



84) Pheasant Coucal



85) Barking Owl



86) Southern Boobook



87) Tawny Frogmouth



88) Australian Owlet Nightjar



89) Spotted Nightjar



90) Forked Tailed Swift



91) Blue Winged Kookaburra



92) Forest Kingfisher



93) Red Backed Kingfisher



94) Sacred Kingfisher



95) Rainbow Bee Eater



96) Jacky Winter



97) Great Bowerbird



98) Red Backed Fairy Wren



99) Varegated Fairy Wren



100) Weebill



101) Varied Sittella (Striated)



102) Striated Pardalote



103) White Gaped Honeyeater



104) Brown Honeyeater



105) Singing Honeyeater



106) Yellow Honeyeater



107) Banded Honeyeater



108) Bar Breasted Honeyeater



109) Rufous Throated Honeyeater



110) Black Chinned Honeyeater



111) Yellow Tinted Honeyeater



112) Blue Faced Honeyeater



113) White Throated Honeyeater



114) Crimson Chat



115) Orange Chat



116) Yellow Chat



117) Little Friarbird



118) Noisy Friarbird



119) Yellow Throated Miner



120) Lemon Bellied Flycatcher



121) Grey Crowned Babbler



122) Apostlebird



123) Willie Wagtail



124) Restless Flycatcher



125) Torresian Crow



126) Australian Raven



127) Black Faced Woodswallow



128) Magpie Lark



129) Black Faced Cuckoo Shrike



130) White Bellied Cuckoo Shrike



131) Ground Cuckoo Shrike



132) Large Billed Gerygone



133) White Throated Gerygone



134) Rufous Whistler



135) Grey Fantail



136) White Winged Triller



137) Leaden Flycatcher



138) Spangled Drongo



139) White Breasted Woodswallow



140) White Browed Woodswallow



141) Tree Martin



142) Fairy Martin



143) Tawny Grassbird



144) Rufous Songlark



145) Mistletoe Bird



146) Red Browed Pardalote



147) Double Barred Finch



148) Zebra Finch



149) Black Throated Finch



150) Masked Finch



151) Gouldian Finch



152) House Sparrow



153) Pied Butcherbird

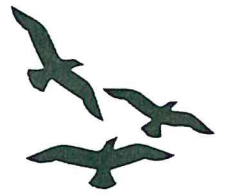


154) Australian Magpie

If other birds are found in Croydon, please list them here and notify Croydon's True Blue Visitor Information Centre. Thank you.



BIRDS OF CROYDON



Key to abbreviations:

STATUS;

B = recorded breeding

M = migrant

C = common

P = permanent resident

I = irregular visitor

R = rare U = uncommon

SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	STATUS	NOTES
1. EMU	<i>Dromaius novaehollandiae</i>	I. R.	Likely to be seen in country side around town.
2. AUSTRALIAN GREBE	<i>Tachybaptus novaehollandiae</i>	C. B.	Breeds on swamps and suitable waterholes
3. GREAT CRESTED GREBE	<i>Podiceps cristatus</i>	U	Seen at Lake Belmore
4. HOARY HEADED GREBE	<i>Poliiocephalus poliocephalus</i>	U.	Less common than the Australasian Grebe, likely to be seen on swamps and waterholes.
5. LITTLE BLACK CORMORANT	<i>Tachybaptus novaehollandiae</i>	C. P.	Seen on waterholes throughout the region.
6. GREAT CORMORANT	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>	C. P.	Seen on waterholes throughout the region
7. LITTLE PIED CORMORANT	<i>Halacrocorax melanoleucos</i>	C. P.	Seen on waterholes throughout the region
8. AUSTRALIAN DARTER	<i>Anhinga novaehollandiae</i>	C. P.	Individual birds may be seen on waterholes throughout the region.
9. AUSTRALIAN PELICAN	<i>Pelecanus conapicillatus</i>	C. P.	Seen on water holes throughout the region.
10. MAGPIE GOOSE	<i>Anseranas semipalmata</i>	I	Seen around water from November - March.
11. PLUMED WHISTLING DUCK	<i>Dendrocygna eytoni</i>	C. B.	Seen on waterholes throughout the region.
12. PINK-EARED DUCK	<i>Malacorpyynchus membranaceus</i>	C.	Common nomad on waterholes throughout the region.
13. PACIFIC BLACK DUCK	<i>Anas superciliosa</i>	C. P.	Seen on waterholes throughout the region.
14. WANDERING WHISTLE-DUCK	<i>Dendrocygna arcuata</i>	C. B.	Less numerous in region than Plumed Whistling-Duck
15. AUSTRALIAN WOOD DUCK	<i>Chenonetta jubata</i>	C. P.	Seen on waterholes throughout the region.
16. BURDEKIN DUCK (RADJAH SHELDUCK)	<i>Tadorna Tadornoides</i>	R.	Observed south of town.
17. GREEN PYGMY-GOOSE	<i>Nettapus pulchellus</i>	C.	Common on waterways and lagoons.
18. GREY TEAL	<i>Anas gracilis</i>	C. P.	Seen on waterholes throughout the region.
19. HARDHEAD	<i>Aythya australis</i>	C. P.	Seen on waterholes throughout the region.
20. WHITE-FACE HERON	<i>Egretta novaehollandiae</i>	C.	Seen on waterholes throughout the region.
21. WHITE NECKED HERON	<i>Ardea pacifica</i>	M.	Seen on waterholes throughout the region. Belmore Creek.
22. INTERMEDIATE EGRET	<i>Ardea intermedia</i>	C.	Seen on waterholes throughout the region.
23. GREAT EGRET	<i>Ardea alba</i>	C.	Seen on waterholes throughout the area.
24. RUFOUS NIGHT HERON	<i>Nycticorax calendonicus</i>	C.	Nocturnal. Roosts in dense vegetation around waterholes during the day. Belmore Creek.
25. BLACK BITTERN	<i>Dupetor flabicolis</i>	U.	Feeds around waterholes. Seeks refuge in dense fringing vegetation.
26. GLOSSY IBIS	<i>Plegadis falcinellus</i>	I.	Can occur in large numbers. Spasmodic.
27. SACRED IBIS	<i>Threskiornis aethiopicus</i>	C.	Can be seen feeding around waterholes. Seen in town.
28. STRAW-NECKED IBIS	<i>Threskiornis spinicollis</i>	C. P.	Feeds in open grassed areas around waterholes.
29. YELLOW-BILLED SPOONBILL	<i>Platalea flavipes</i>	I.	Occasional visitor to local waterholes.
30. ROYAL SPOONBILL	<i>Platalea regia</i>	I.	Seen occasionally around waterholes.
31. JABIRU	<i>Jabiru mycteria</i>	C.	Frequents waterholes throughout the region.
32. OSPREY	<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>	I.	Solitary birds occasionally seen along waterways.
33. BLACK-SHOULDERED KITE	<i>Elanus notatus</i>	C. B. P.	Frequents open fields where it can be seen hunting.
34. BLACK KITE	<i>Milvus migrans</i>	C. P. B.	Common to all the region. Attracted to fires and road side carrion. Seen in town.
35. BRAHMINY KITE	<i>Haliastur indus</i>	R.	Occasionally seen around waterways.
36. SQUARE-TAILED KITE	<i>Lophoictinia isura</i>	R.	A rare visitor to region that can be overlooked in Black Kite flights.
37. WHISTLING KITE	<i>Haliastur sphenurus</i>	C.	Often seen scavenging along roadways and water-courses or soaring overhead.
38. BLACK-BREASTED BUZZARD	<i>Hamirostra melamosternon</i>	C.	Common resident in woodland and plains throughout the region. Often in pairs.
39. WHITE-BREASTED SEA-EAGLE	<i>Haliaeetus leucogaster</i>	U.	Seen around waterways. Lake Belmore from January until the end of March
40. BROWN GOSHAWK	<i>Accipiter fasciatus</i>	P.	Often seen at the Airport and around town.

41. GREY GOSHAWK	<i>Accipiter novaehollandiae</i>	P.	Often seen through the town looking for prey.
42. RED GOSHAWK	<i>Erythrotriorch radiatus</i>	I.	Sometimes seen to the west of the town.
43. COLLARD SPARROWHAWK	<i>Accipiter Cirrhocephalus</i>	I.	Has been seen in the area around the town.
44. WEDGE-TAILED EAGLE	<i>Aquila audax</i>	C .B. P.	May soar High alone or with other raptors. Most common at road kills, please be aware the eagle has difficulty taking flight and / or sometimes will stand over the carcass to defend his food from others including yourselves.
45. LITTLE EAGLE	<i>Hieraaetus morphnoides</i>	R. M.	Rarely seen in area.
46. BROWN FALCON	<i>Falco berigora</i>	C.	Common throughout the region. Seen in town.
47. MARSH HARRIER	<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>	U.	Hunts over tall grass. Performs courtship dives high above swamps.
48. SPOTTED HARRIER	<i>Circus assimilis</i>	R.	More common in drier woodland.
49. AUSTRALIAN HOBBY	<i>Falco longipennis</i>	U.	Uncommon resident in open woodland.
50. BROWN QUAIL	<i>Coturnix ypsilophora</i>	C. B. P.	Often seen on road verges and open fields. Comes to water in the early morning. Seen in town.
51. PURPLE SWAMPHEN	<i>Porphyrio porohyrio</i>	U.	Small numbers occur around waterholes. One has been spotted in town.
52. EURASIAN COOT	<i>Fulica atra</i>	U.	Occasionally observed at waterholes.
53. SARUS CRANE	<i>Grus antigone</i>	R.	Occasionally seen in open fields and farmland.
54. BROLGA	<i>Grus rubicunda</i>	C. B. P.	Individuals, pairs or large flocks may be seen in open fields or grassland.
55. AUSTRALIAN BUSTARD	<i>Ardeotis australis</i>	C. B. P.	Hunts in open fields, often seen in town. Solitary, pairs or small groups.
56. BLACK FRONTED DOTTEREL	<i>Euseyonis melanops</i>	C	Seen at Belmore Creek
57. RED-KNEED DOTTEREL	<i>Erythronyctes alba</i>	R.	Found around waterholes
58. BUSH THICK-KNEE	<i>Burhinus magnirostris</i>	C. P.	Nocturnal. High pitched screeching may be heard at night. Often seen in town.
59. PIED OYSTERCATCHER	<i>Haematopus longirostris</i>	R.	Observed south of town.
60. BLACK-WINGED STILT	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>	C.	Lives in wetlands around waterholes. Seen at Lake Belmore.
61. RED-NECKED AVOCET	<i>Recurvirostra novaehollandiae</i>	R.	Seen mainly during the wet months around waterholes.
62. AUSTRALIAN PRATINCOLE	<i>Stiltia isabella</i>	C.	Frequents open fields and roads
63. MASKED LAPWING	<i>Vanellus miles</i>	C. P. B.	Seen in open fields or roadways.
64. SILVER GULL	<i>Larus novaehollandiae</i>	U.	Found around waterholes.
65. COMMON BRONZEWING	<i>Phaps chalcoptera</i>	C. P. B.	Usually found in open woodland areas. Seen in town.
66. CRESTED PIGEON	<i>Ocyphaps lophotes</i>	C. P. B.	Commonly found in open or lightly wooded areas.
67. SPINIFEX PIGEON	<i>Geophaps plumifera</i>	C. P. B.	Locally common on spinifex-covered rocks and sand-ridges, usually near water.
68. SQUATTER PIGEON	<i>Geophaps scripta</i>	C. P. B.	Common resident of open woodland near water.
69. DIAMOND DOVE	<i>Geopelia cuneata</i>	C. P. B.	Generally in small flocks, occasionally mixes with Peaceful Dove.
70. PEACEFUL DOVE	<i>Geopelia placida</i>	C. P.B.	Frequents all habitats and town area, in pairs to large flocks.
71. BAR-SHOULDERED DOVE	<i>Geopelia humeralis</i>	C. P.	Common resident of thick vegetation near water.
72. RED-WINGED PARROT	<i>Aprosmictus erythropterus</i>	C.	Common in the Mango season. October to December.
73. PALE-HEADED ROSELLA	<i>Platycercus adscitus</i>	C. P. B.	Found in open woodland, and often seen in town.
74. BUDGERIGAR	<i>Melopsittacus undulatus</i>	C. P. B.	Common nomad, concentrating near water and areas blooming after rain.
75. RED-TAILED BLACK COCKATOO	<i>Calyptorhynchus banksil</i>	C. P. B.	Found in wooded areas. Often seen on out-skirts of town.
76. GALAH	<i>Cacatua roseicapilla</i>	C. P. B.	In abundance in town and all over region.
77. SULPHUR-CRESTED COCKATOO	<i>Cacatua galerita</i>	C. P. B.	Common in wide variety of wooded areas, also seen in town
78. LITTLE CORELLA	<i>Cacatua sanguinea</i>	C. P.	Found in wooded areas of region.
79. COCKATIEL	<i>Nymphicus hollandicus</i>	C. P. B.	Common in woodlands, plains, roadsides and clearings of region.
80. RAINBOW LORIKEET	<i>Trichoglossus haematodus</i>	I.	In abundance during the mango season, October to December. Seen in town.

81. VARIED LORIKEET	<i>Psitteuteles versicolor</i>	I.	In abundance during the mango season, October to December. Seen in town.
82. RED-WINGED PARROT	<i>Aprosmictus erythropterus</i>	I.	In great numbers during fruit season, October to December.
83. CHANNELED-BILLED CUCKOO	<i>Scythrops novaehollandiae</i>	I.	Found in woodlands in region. Loud raucous call.
84. PHEASANT COUCAL	<i>Centropus phasianinus</i>	C. P. B.	Common along roads and watercourses. Has been seen in town.
85. BARKING OWL	<i>Ninox connivens</i>	U. P.	Found in woodland around watercourses.
86. SOUTHERN BOOBOOK	<i>Ninox novaeseelandiae</i>	C. P. B.	Common resident throughout region. Travels long distances at night, usually in pairs.
87. TAWNY FROGMOUTH	<i>Podargus strigoides</i>	C. P. B.	Attracted to outside lights where they catch insects.
88. AUSTRALIAN OWLET-NIGHTJAR	<i>Aegotheles cristatus</i>	C. P.	Common resident of forest and woodland. Often seen at night in vehicle headlights.
89. SPOTTED NIGHTJAR	<i>Eurostopodus argus</i>	C. P.	Found in woodlands. Attracted to road at night, seen seen in vehicle headlights.
90. FORKED-TAILED SWIFT	<i>Apus pacificus</i>	C. M.	Wet season migrant. Very large flocks on wing, usually near storm activity. Seen in town.
91. BLUE-WINGED KOOKABURRA	<i>Dacelo leachii</i>	C. P. B.	Common in open woodlands of region. Perches on power lines and trees looking for prey on ground below. Found on outskirts of town.
92. FOREST KINGFISHER	<i>Todiramphus macleayii</i>	U.	Uncommon resident. May be found in wooded areas around waterways.
93. RED-BACKED KINGFISHER	<i>Todiramphus pyrrhopygia</i>	C. P. B.	Found in open woodland. Excavates nest holes in termite mounds.
94. SACRED KINGFISHER	<i>Todiramphus sanctus</i>	C. P. B.	Prefers dense vegetation along watercourses.
95. RAINBOW BEE-EATER	<i>Merops ornatus</i>	C. P. B.	Common throughout countryside and town. Flies out of tree perch chasing insects. Forms large roosting flocks at dusk. Seen in town.
96. JACKY WINTER	<i>Microeca leucophaea</i>	C.	Common resident throughout the region.
97. GREAT BOWERBIRD	<i>Chlamydera nuchalis</i>	C. P. B.	Found in lightly wooded areas. Seen in town.
98. RED-BACKED FAIRY-WREN	<i>Malurus melanocephalus</i>	U.	Uncommon resident or short-range nomad in grasslands throughout woodlands.
99. VAREGATED FAIRY-WREN	<i>Malurus assimilis</i>	C.	Common in thickets and shrubs.
100. WEEBILL	<i>Smicronis brevirostris</i>	C.	Common in most woodland areas.
101. VARIED SITTELLA (STRIATED)	<i>Daphoenositta chrysoptera</i>	C.	Resident of woodland. Always in small, vocal flocks.
102. STRIATED PARDALOTE	<i>Pardalotus striatus</i>	COTE	Throughout the Croydon Shire
103. WHITE-GAPED HONETEATER	<i>Meliphaga unicolor</i>	U.	May be found in swampland.
104. BROWN HONEYEATER	<i>Lichmera indistincta</i>	C. P. B.	Common woodland and gardens. Seen in town.
105. SINGING HONEYEATER	<i>Lichenostomus virescens</i>	C.	Locally common resident in woodlands usually with dense undercover.
106. YELLOW HONEYEATER	<i>Lichenostomus flavus</i>	C.	Common present in woodland and gardens.
107. BANDED HONEYEATER	<i>Certhionyx pectoralis</i>	I.	Nomad, usually in loose flocks in woodland.
108. BAR-BREASTED HONEYEATER	<i>Ramsay ornis fasciatus</i>	I.	Nomad or migrant in paperbarks around waterways.
109. RUFOUS-THROATED HONEYEATER	<i>Connopophila rufogularis</i>	C.	Common inhabitant of ravine vegetation and gardens.
110. BLACK-CHINNED HONEYEATER	<i>Melithreptus gularis</i>	U.	Uncommon nomad in woodlands.
111. YELLOW TINTED HONEYEATER	<i>Lichenostomus flavescens</i>	C	Seen at Belmore Creek
112. BLUE-FACED HONEYEATER	<i>Entomyzon cyanotis</i>	C.	Found in small flocks in open woodland. Seen in town.
113. WHITE-THROATED HONEYEATER	<i>Melithreptus albogularis</i>	C.	Common resident in forest, woodland and ravine vegetation.
114. CRIMSON CHAT	<i>Epthianura tricolor</i>	M.	Locally resident found in grasslands with trees. Seen Working Mine.
115. ORANGE CHAT	<i>Epthianura Aurifrons</i>	M.	Open plains area. Seen Lake Belmore
116. YELLOW CHAT	<i>Epthianura Crocea</i>	M.	Has been seen but rarely. Seen Lake Belmore
117. LITTLE FRIARBIRD	<i>Philemon citreogularis</i>	C.	Found in open forest and woodland in eucalypt and paperbark blossoms.
118. NOISY FRIARBIRD	<i>Philemon corniculatus</i>	I.	Nomad found in forest and woodland, favouring eucalypt and paperbark.
119. YELLOW-THROATED MINER	<i>Manorina flavigula</i>	C.	Common in flocks up to 30-50 in open woodland.
120. LEMON-BELLIED FLYCATCHER	<i>Microeca flavigaster</i>	R.	Resides in woodland and paperbark swamps.

121. GREY-CROWNED BABBLER	<i>Pomatostomus temporalis</i>	C. P. B.	Wide spread throughout the region. Often seen in town.
122. APOSTLEBIRD	<i>Struthidea cinerea</i>	C. P. B.	Common around the area. Seen in town in noisy flocks of about a dozen.
123. WILLIE WAGTAIL	<i>Rhipidura leucophrys</i>	C. P. B.	Very active, vocal and pugnacious for its size. Occurs everywhere. Seen in town.
124. RESTLESS FLYCATCHER	<i>Myiagra inquieta</i>	C. P.	Found in woodlands, usually around water.
125. TORRESIAN CROW	<i>Corvus orru</i>	C. P. B.	Common in region. The only resident crow.
126. AUSTRALIAN RAVEN	<i>Corvus coronoides</i>	C. P. B.	Common resident (adult) or nomad (immature) in woodland open habitats.
127. BLACK-FACED WOODSWALLOW	<i>Artamus cinereus</i>	C.	Common resident in grassy woodlands.
128. MAGPIE-LARK	<i>Grallina cyanoleuca</i>	C. P. B.	Common abundant resident. Seen in town. Congregates in flocks in early dry season. Breeds in early wet season.
129. BLACK-FACED CUCKOO-SHRIKE	<i>Coracina novaehollandiae</i>	C. P. B.	Woodland and forest area. Seen in town.
130. WHITE-BELLIED CUCKOO-SHRIKE	<i>Coracina papuensis</i>	C.	Found in woodlands and forest areas.
131. GROUND CUCKOO-SHRIKE	<i>Coracina</i>		Seen by roadside east of town
132. LARGE-BILLED GERYGONE	<i>Gerygone magnirostris</i>	R.	Resides in paperbark swamps.
133. WHITE THROATED GERYGONE	<i>Gerygone olivacea</i>	M.	Seen Town, Belmore Creek, Cemetery
134. RUFOUS WHISTLER	<i>Pachycephala rufiventris</i>	C.	Common resident in forest and woodland in region.
135. GREY FANTAIL	<i>Rhipidura fuliginosa</i>	M.	Common migrant in woodland in the region.
136. WHITE-WINGED TRILLER	<i>Lalage sueurii</i>	M.	Seen Town.
137. LEADEN FLYCATCHER	<i>Myiagra rubecula</i>	C.	Common resident in forest and woodland.
138. SPANGLED DRONGO	<i>Dicrusus bracteatus</i>	M.	Breed south to north-eastern N. S. W., migrates north after breeding. Seen in town.
139. WHITE-BREASTED WOODSWALLOW	<i>Artamus leucorhynchus</i>	C.	Common resident in woodland near water.
140. WHITE-BROWED WOODSWALLOW	<i>Artamus superciliosus</i>	M.	Common nomad mainly in drier areas.
141. TREE MARTIN	<i>Hirundo nigricans</i>	M.	Common nomad or migrant in open woodlands.
142. FAIRY MARTIN	<i>Hirundo ariel</i>	M.U.	Seen Centenary Park
143. TAWNY GRASSBIRD	<i>Megalurus timoriensis</i>	M.	Common nomad in most grass areas.
144. RUFOUS SONGLARK	<i>Cinclorhamphus mathewsi</i>	C.	Found in open grassy woodland throughout the region.
145. MISTLETOE BIRD	<i>Delectaria jugularis</i>	C.P.B.	Feeds on mistletoe in large trees. Active and vocal for its size.
146. RED BROWED PARDALOTE	<i>Pardalotus rubricatus</i>	C.	Throughout the Croydon Shire. Lake Belmore
147. DOUBLE-BARRED FINCH	<i>Taeniopygia bichenovii</i>	C.P.B.	Common resident in open woodlands. Seen in town.
148. ZEBRA FINCH	<i>Taeniopygia guttata</i>	C.	Found in woodland and grassland.
149. BLACK-THROATED FINCH	<i>Poephila cincta</i>	C.	Found in woodland. Seen in town
150. MASKED FINCH	<i>Poephila personata</i>	U.	Resident in grassy woodlands
151. GOULDIAN FINCH	<i>Erythrura gouldiae</i>	R.	Has been sighted locally in the past few years.
152. HOUSE SPARROW	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	C.	Resides in town and rural areas.
153. PIED BUTCHERBIRD	<i>Cracticus nigrogularis</i>	C.P.B.	Common in woodlands and town. Its melodious calls and neat appearance help identify this species.
154. AUSTRALIAN MAGPIE	<i>Gymnorhina tibicen</i>	C.P.B.	Common in woodlands and in town.

IF OTHER BIRDS ARE FOUND AT CROYDON PLEASE LIST AND NOTIFY THE INFORMATION CENTRE. THANK YOU.



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